Top Binary Search Tree (BST) problems

Validate Binary Search Tree: Given a binary tree, determine if it is a valid binary search tree.

Binary Tree Inorder Traversal: Given a binary tree, return the inorder traversal of its nodes' values.

Convert Sorted Array to Binary Search Tree: Given an array of integers sorted in ascending order, convert it to a height-balanced binary search tree.

Lowest Common Ancestor of a Binary Search Tree: Given a binary search tree and two nodes, find the lowest common ancestor (LCA) of the two nodes in the BST.

Kth Smallest Element in a BST: Given a binary search tree, find the kth smallest element in it.

Range Sum of BST: Given the root node of a binary search tree, return the sum of values of all nodes with a value in the range [low, high].

Delete Node in a BST: Given a root node reference of a BST and a key, delete the node with the given key from the BST and return the root of the modified BST.

Convert BST to Greater Tree: Given a Binary Search Tree (BST), convert it to a Greater Tree such that every key of the original BST is changed to the original key plus the sum of all keys greater than the original key in BST.

Inorder Successor in BST: Given a binary search tree and a node in it, find the in-order successor of that node in the BST.

Recover Binary Search Tree: Two elements of a binary search tree (BST) are swapped by mistake. Recover the tree without changing its structure.